



The Changing Landscape of the Publishing Industry

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About me



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The need of authors

Main motivations for publishing remain unchanged: furthering the author's career and gaining access to additional funding for future research

But authors become more demanding:

- —Are now buyers (in Open Access)
- —Want fast and efficient publishing process
- —Demand better author experience and services





Open Access is growing fast ...

... but subscription journals grow, too!





Open Access Publishing, then and now...

2000

2014







And many more...

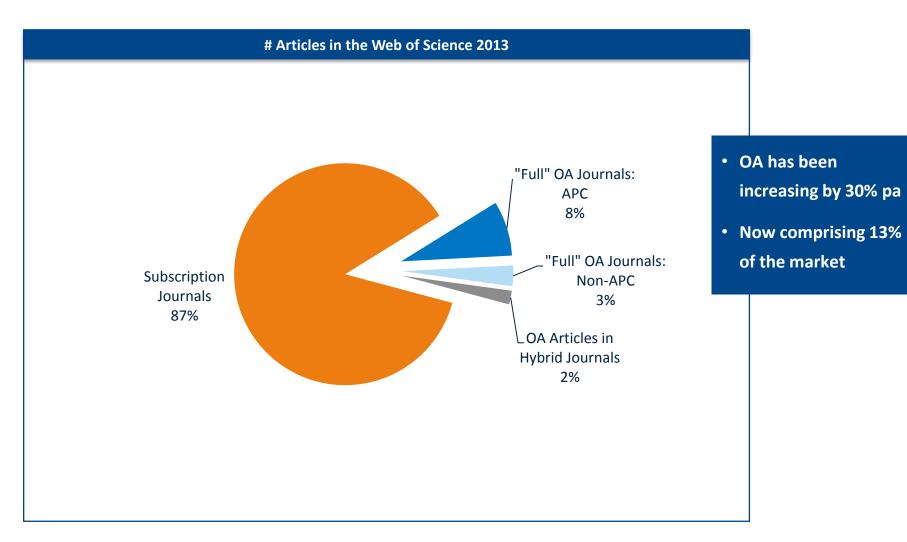


"For me, the Green Road [Open Access] is like coming fourth in a major championship. A great achievement, without doubt, but if you are going for gold, fourth place is the most frustrating place you can achieve. Ultimately, it is only the winner that everyone remembers."

SANDER DEKKERSTATE SECRETARY OF EDUCATION



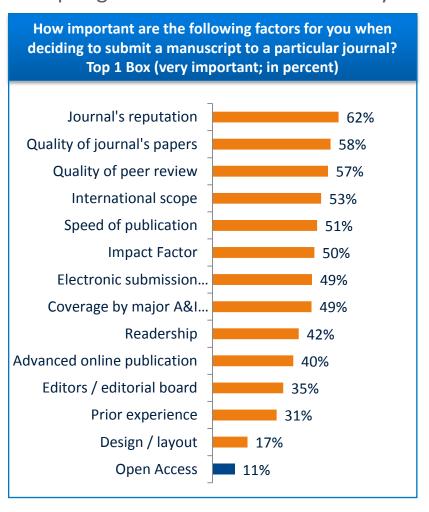
Open Access market share



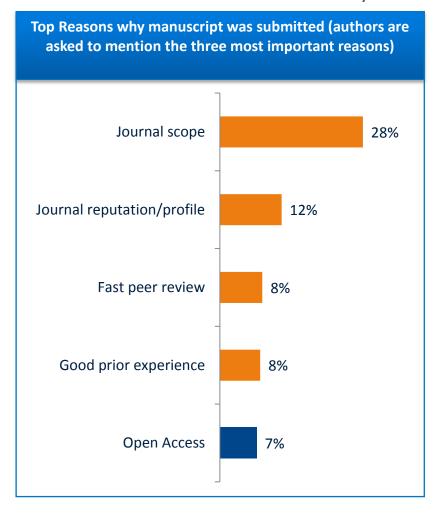


OA not the main decision criterion when selecting a journal

Springer Author Satisfaction Survey

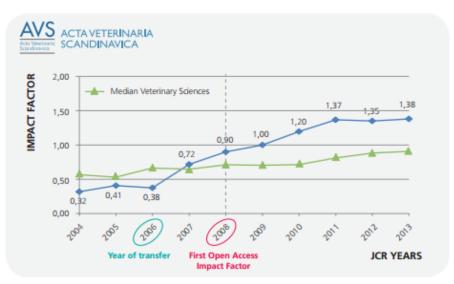


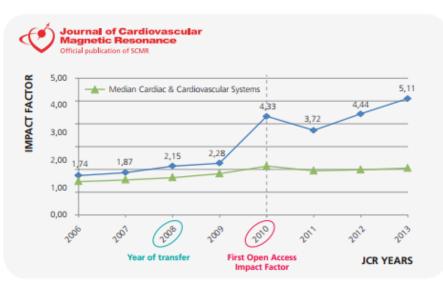
BMC Author Satisfaction Survey

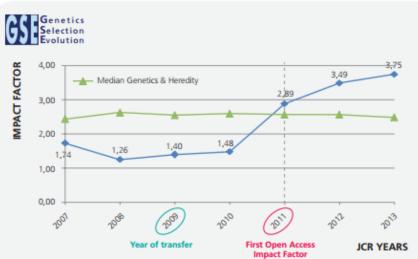


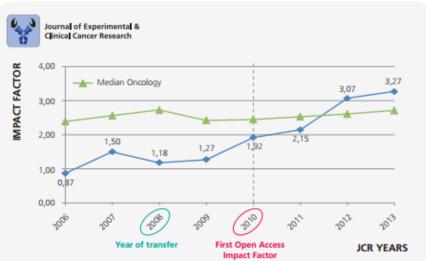


The Impact Factor of journals converting from subscription to OA











The measurement of 'quality'

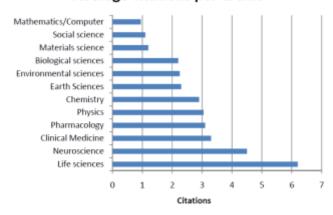




The rise of the mega-journals

- Launched June 2006
- Biology and Medicine
- Rejection rate: 15%
- Jan 2012: Article 30.000 published
- 2010 Impact Factor: 4.351

Average citations per article



Average citations per article for different disciplines, showing that citation practices differ markedly. Data from Thomson Scientific [Amin-Mabe 2000].































Which article made a bigger impact?

Article published in a top-tier journal with '0' citations after 2 years



Article published in a lower impact journal with tens of citations





Which article made a bigger impact?

Article with many citations



Article widely discussed in the social web



Article with lots of downloads



Article discussed on CNN





I guess: general social media mechanisms will replace the impact factor #ape2013



External forces are driving change

Part 3 Section 3: Impact template and case studies (REF3a/b)

Definition of impact for the REF

140. For the purposes of the REF, impact is defined as an effect on, change or benefit to the economy, society, culture, public policy or services, health, the environment or quality of life, beyond academia (as set out in paragraph 143).

141. Impact includes, but is not limited to, an effect on, change or benefit to:

- the activity, attitude, awareness, behaviour, capacity, opportunity, performance, policy, practice, process or understanding
- of an audience, beneficiary, community, constituency, organisation or individuals
- in any geographic location whether locally, regionally, nationally or internationally.

 Impact includes the reduction or prevention of harm, risk, cost or other negative effects. "The Wellcome Trust OA Policy (...) affirms the principle that it is the intrinsic merit of the work, and not the title of the journal in which the author's work is published, that should be considered in making funding decisions."

wellcome trust

"There is a pressing need to improve the ways in which the output of scientific research is evaluated by funding agencies, academic institutions, and other parties."

San Francisco Declaration on Research Assessment

Changed Research Evaluation in:

- UK
- Netherlands
- Australia





Research dissemination channels are changing rapidly to accommodate the increasing volume of scholarly literature

Article Usage **Scholarly Citation**

Non-scholarly Citation

Blogs Patents Social Media News
Policy documents



Article-level Metrics

- Scholarly citations
- Downloads
- Non-scholarly citation
 - News coverage
 - Twitter, Facebook, Google+
 - Blogs, Wikipedia
 - Policy documents
- Post-publication recommendations
 - Faculty of 1000
 - PubPeer, Pubmed Commons, Publon
 - Mendeley, ResearchGate, Academia.edu, Papers

Altmetrics



Altmetrics: meaning?

• Altmetrics are "representing very different things" (Lin & Fenner, 2013)



- unclear what exactly they measure:
 - scientific impact
 - social impact
 - "buzz"



Policy documents



World Health Organization (WHO)

"WHO policy on collaborative TB/HIV activities: guidelines for national programmes and other stakeholders"





Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change (IPCC)

"Managing the Risks of Extreme Events and Disasters to Advance Climate Change Adaptation"





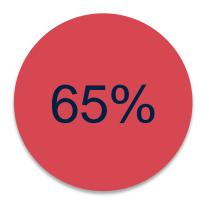
National Institute for Health and Care Excellence (NICE)

"Delivering Accident Prevention at local level in the new public health system: Road safety policy and links to wider objectives"

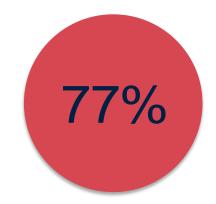




Article authors like it



felt the metrics were useful



agreed or strongly agreed that altmetrics enhanced the value of the journal article



agreed they were more likely to submit a paper to a journal that supports altmetrics



As do institutional users

Librarians

- I want to help researchers track the attention paid to their articles.
- I want to add value to my institutional repository.

Research administrators

- I want to monitor & report on uptake, usage, and impact of publications by department.
 - ★ I want to comply with funder and governmental mandates.

Communications / PR team

- ★ I want to share our institution's success stories.
- ★ I want to maximise the reach of our institution's research.

Researchers

- ★ I want to find indicators of impact for my CV and funding applications.
- ★ I want to make informed decisions on future publishing choices.



Current use of altmetrics at Wellcome Engagement/Influence beyond citations

G OPEN ACCESS	5,079	7	91	
POLICY FORUM	VIEWS	SAVES	SHARES	

Industry Use of Evidence to Influence Alcohol Policy: A Case Study of Submissions to the 2008 Scottish Government Consultation

Jim McCambridge ☑, Ben Hawkins, Chris Holden

Article	About the Authors	Metrics	Comments	Related Content	
*					ı



Summary Points

- We examine how research evidence is used in alcohol industry submissions made to a Scottish Government consultation in 2008 to advocate policies in line with their commercial interests.
- Industry actors consistently oppose the approaches found in research to be most likely to be effective at a population level without actually engaging with the research literature in any depth.



Engagement/Influence beyond citations



C_Stihler_MEP @peterricev2 now commenting on today's article exposing tactics of alcohol industry. Link beneath http://t.co/88r2Wdje9K Apr 24, 2013

MEP



bermaninstitute #PLOSMedicine: Industry Use of Evidence to Influence Alcohol Policy: Case Study of Submissions to 2008 Scottish Govt http://t.co/iwoxOupWLp

Centre for Bioethics

Apr 24, 2013

MEP



Professor of EBM



MaroeskaRovers "@veitchemma: Alcohol industry influence on policy. http://t.co/4dB7RuYhkf @plosmedicine" As expected comparable to tobacco industry.

Apr 24, 2013

Journal editor



veitchemma Alcohol industry influence on policy: misrepresented strong evidence and promoted weak evidence. http://t.co/WwSzV5MMLw @plosmedicine
Apr 24, 2013

Health journalist



andy_rowell Big Alcohol, Bad Habits: RT@PLOSMedicine: Drinks industry attempted to influence Scottish Government's alcohol policy http://t.co/nxbAv9DMks

Apr 24, 2013

NGO



IOGTInt RT @SCPHRP: MT @PLOSMedicine Drinks industry attempted to influence Scottish Government's alcohol policy http://t.co/CSFKU1wkhW #bigalcohol
Jun 3, 2013 Health, Population & Nutrition @ The World Bank



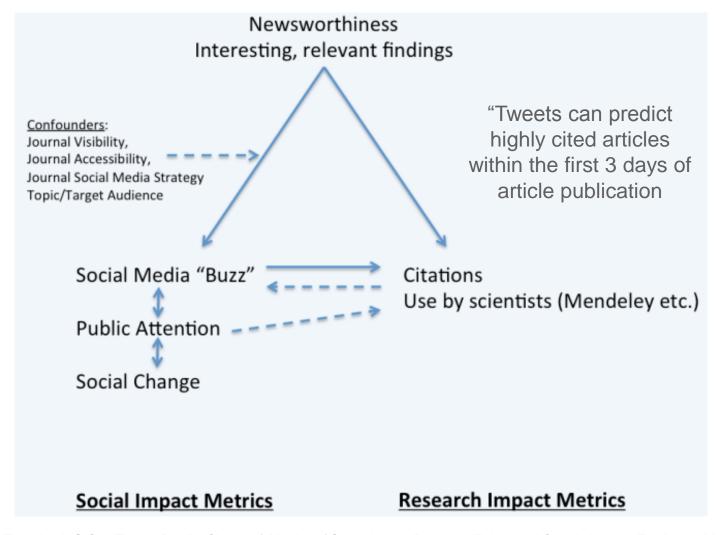
SojiAdeyi Shaken and stirred. @PLOSMedicine: Drinks industry attempted to influence Scottish Government's #alcohol policy http://t.co/na8QSdLix3**

Apr 24. 2013





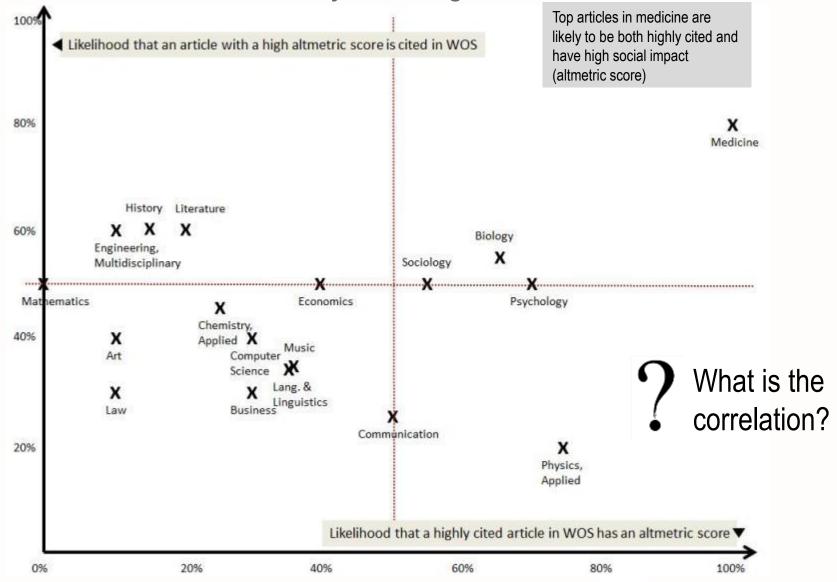
Scholarly vs non-scholarly citations



Data & Methodology

- Top 20 most cited articles published between 2011 to 2013 in Web of Science (WOS) for 18 subject categories
- Top 20 articles from altmetric.com with high altmetric score for 18 subject categories
- Subject categories
 - (1) economics; (10) biology;
 - (2) medicine, general & internal; (11) business;
 - (3) mathematics; (12) literature;
 - (4) sociology; (13) language and linguistics;
 - (5) psychology; (14) law;
 - (6) computer science, information systems; (15) history;
 - (7) engineering, multidisciplinary; (16) art;
 - (8) physics, applied; (17) music
 - (9) chemistry, applied; (18) communication.

Is there a relationship between altmetrics scores and citation counts for these 18 subject categories?





How could they be useful?

Article level metrics present different ways to look at the scientific community's reaction to a publication, and could help:

- filter research for relevance, impact & quality
- give an alternative to the Impact Factor in assessing the impact of research
- understand of how research findings are disseminated and discovered
- research into the relationship of new article level metrics with more traditional measures, i.e. citations



Article level metrics at Springer

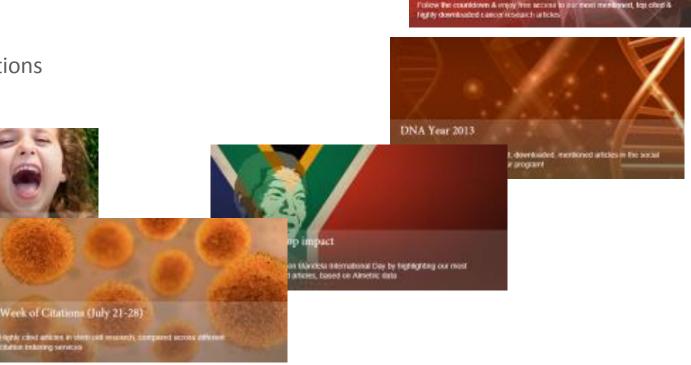
- 'Translating' article level metrics data into attractive promotional messages
- Highlighting the top shared, cited, downloaded articles of key journals

Week of Citations (July 21-28)

- Highlights:
 - **NeuroStars**

you her that places to top their downwards were is und expore the depth of our program.

Week of Citations



*NeuroStars - Read articles with impact!

Boheccerral neuroscience journals

Watch our most shared articles in the social web published in humager:

#CancerResearchStars: Articles/wall/Impact



NeuroStars

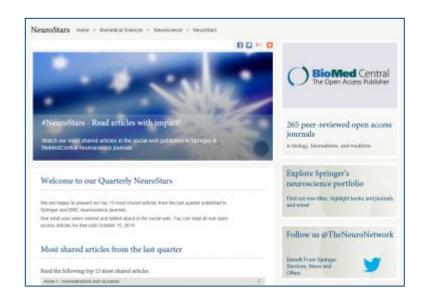


Now available: Quarterly NeuroStars

A permanent website on springer.com presenting the top shared articles in Neuroscience from Springer and BioMed Central – updated on a quarterly basis

http://www.springer.com/neurostars

- The first ALM driven promotional campaign from Springer, launched December 2012
- Campaign duration 2014: March 10-16, in time for the Brain Awareness Week (jointly with BioMed Central)
- Article selection: Top 15 shared, top cited, top downloaded articles from all journals in the field





Diversity of Citations Metrics

What is the impact of an article?

When assessing the impact of a published research article, it might seem logical to look at the Impact Factor of the journal that you find it in. But as journals and scholars have moved online, and citation indexing has been automated, the wealth of information for citation discovery and analysis has vastly increased.



Citation counts can tell a more accurate story about the scholarly impact that an individual article has made than the journal Impact Factor. But where should you look for these counts? There are a number of indexing services tracking and providing information about citations, each with advantages and disadvantages, spanning from bias to discipline-dependence, and limitations of the citation data source.











BioMed Central journals.



Molecular Cytogenetics blog

Open Repository blog

Nonlinear Biomedical Physics blog

Open Access in the Developing World

An often heard question in the academic realm:

"HOW MANY CITATIONS DO YOU HAVE?"

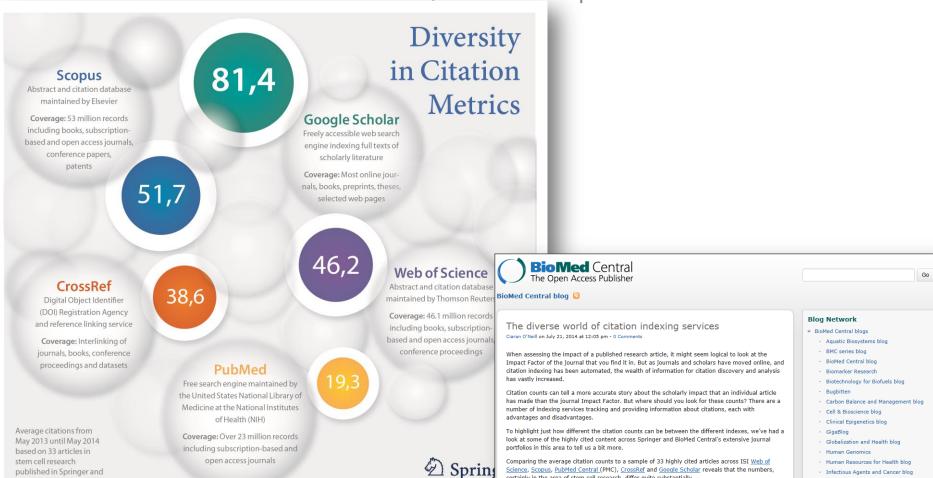
That depends on the platform! Let's have a look...

certainly in the area of stem cell research, differ quite substantially.

As the graphic below shows, the average number of citations to the articles we looked at is highest

in Google Scholar, with over three times the number of citations indexed in PubMed Central.

One sample article that we looked at in more detail had over 5 times more citations in Google



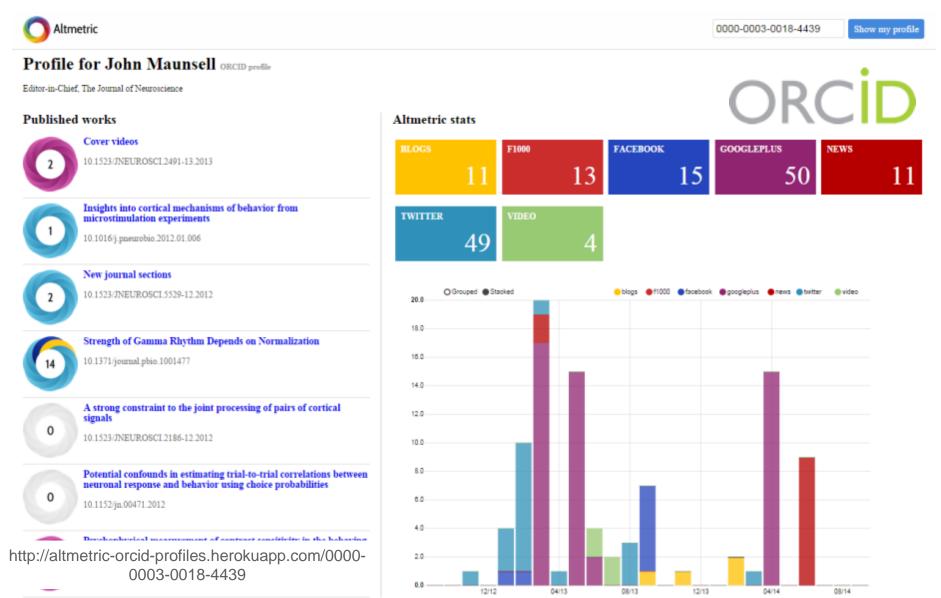


Going forward...

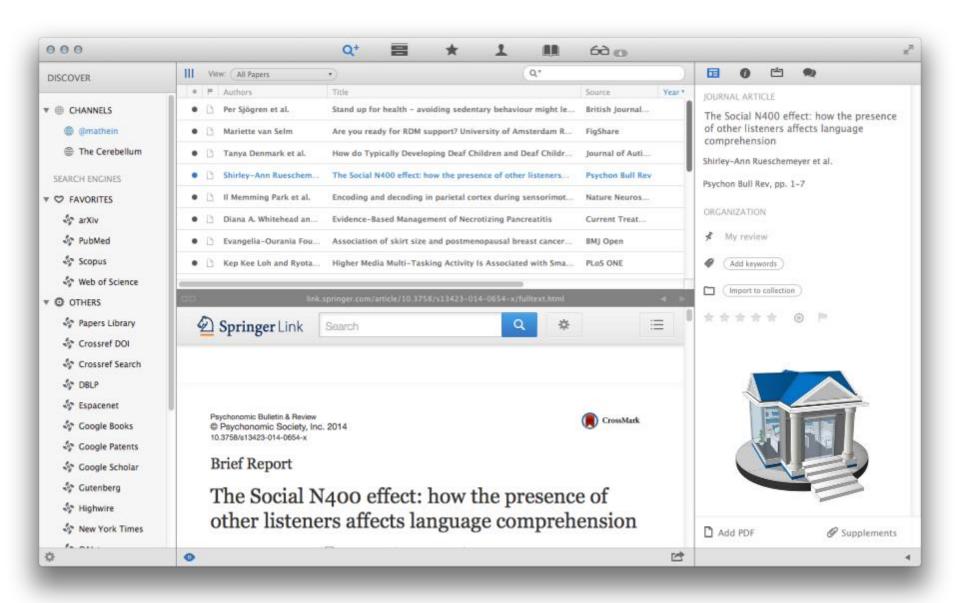
article	-level metrics
journal	-level metrics
chapter	-level metrics
book	-level metrics
data	-level metrics
person	-level metrics
•••	-level metrics



Person-level metrics: Altmetric & ORCiD









Person-level metrics

Martijn Roelandse





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- articles (12)
- slide decks (1)
- 🖺 unknowns 🕾
- videos (10)

Selected works

Cytoskeletal microdifferentiation: a mechanism for organizing morphological plasticity in dendrites.

(2001) Kaech, Parmar, Roelandse et al., Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America

highly cited

highly saved +1

□ Cre-Dependent Expression of Multiple Transgenes in Isolated Neurons of the Adult Forebrain

(2008) Chakravarthy, Keck, Roelandse et al., PLo5 ONE

cited

saved

viewed +4





(2004) Roelandse. The Journal of neuroscience: the official journal of the Society for Neuroscience

recommended



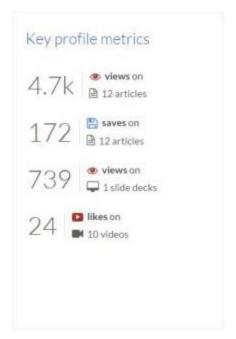
saved +1

■ Advances in Neuromorphic Memristor Science (2012) YouTube.

highly discussed

recommended







2:AMLONDON 2014

Wellcome Collection, Euston Road 25th—26th September 2014

OVERVIEW

BLOG

SCHEDULE

FUNDING

POSTERS

REGISTRATION

ACCOMMODATION AND TRAVEL

ORGANISING COMMITTEE

Announcing the 1st Altmetrics Conference: London

As scholarly communication evolves, alternative measures of impact and reach are taking an increasingly important role in the research evaluation process. Following a number of constructive workshops over the last few years, we now invite you to join us this September for the 1st Altmetrics Conference: London.

We will be taking a closer look at how authors, readers, funders, publishers and institutions are beginning to integrate altmetrics into their scholarly communication processes — and the challenges that they face along the way.

With a quick overview of recent developments and future plans, we will aim to better understand how and why altmetrics can be of use to the community — and draw further inspiration from those outside academia.

Additionally, the scope of the workshop will expand to examine online behaviour at a more granular level; how and why do people share and discuss scholarly content online, and what is the impact of this?



Supported by:



















Questions?